FOR BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL IN SMALL GRAINS, PEAS, ALFALFA, FLAX, GRASSLAND AND NON-CROP AREAS.

INERT INGREDIENTS: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 48.0%

TOTAL 100.0%

*Equivalent to 42.5% 2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid or 4.0 pounds per gallon.

ONLY FOR SALE TO, USE AND STORAGE BY AGRICULTURAL PERSONNEL OR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER—PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

(See Below For Additional Precautionary Statements)

EPA REG. NO. 34704-130
EPA EST. NO. 37507-MT-1

NET CONTENTS ________GALS. (_______L)

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Drift or run-off may adversely affect nontarget plants. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Groundwater Contamination:
Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as MCP have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling MCP pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

Cleaning of Equipment: When cleaning equipment, do not pour washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources. Extreme care must be used when applying MCP to prevent injuring desirable plants and crops; MCP should not be used in susceptible crops such as cotton, tomatoes, vegetables, grapes, fruit trees, soybeans, tobacco, or beans. Do not allow spray mist to drift onto such plants, since even minute quantities of spray may cause severe injury. Use low pressures when spraying to produce coarse sprays which are less likely to drift. Avoid use of small diameter spray nozzles. Do not use in greenhouses. Large amounts of MCP in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination. Do not use in any manner other than recommended on the label to avoid possible crop injury or residues at harvest.

FIRST AID

If in eyes:
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 –20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing:
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed:
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled:
- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-800-301-7976.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
ATTENTION—Extreme care must be used when applying MCP to prevent injuring desirable plants and crops. MCP should not be applied in the vicinity of susceptible crops such as cotton, tomatoes, vegetables, grapes, fruit trees, soybeans, tobacco and beans. Do not allow spray mist to drift on to such plants, since even minute quantities of spray may cause severe injury. Use low pressures when spraying to produce coarse sprays which are less likely to drift. Do not spray on windy days. Do not use in greenhouses. Large amounts of MCP in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination. Never use more MCP than recommended. Do not use in any manner other than recommended on the label to avoid possible crop injury or residues at harvest.

It is best to use a separate sprayer for application of MCP herbicides. If the same sprayer must be used for other crop spraying, it should be flushed thoroughly with water immediately after use. Next, fill equipment with water containing one volume of household ammonia to 100 volumes of water, and allow to stand for one day. Then flush equipment thoroughly, including hoses and nozzles, several times with water.

Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on labeling of all products used in mixtures. Do not contaminate seed, feed, foodstuffs, fertilizers, insecticides or fungicides.

Do not apply where spray drift may be a problem due to proximity of susceptible crops or other desirable plants. Read and follow all Use Precautions given on this label.

PREPARING THE SPRAY: Mix MCP AMINE 4 with water, unless otherwise directed on this label. Fill the mixing tank or spray tank about half full with water, then add the required amount of this product with agitation. NOTE: Adding oil, wetting agent or other surfactant to the spray may reduce selectivity to crops, possibly resulting in crop injury.

Some Weeds Controlled by MCP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weeds Controlled</th>
<th>MCP AMINE 4</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Barberry</td>
<td>Galinsoga</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beardsedge</td>
<td>Sedge</td>
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<tr>
<td>Buckhorn</td>
<td>Hempnettle</td>
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<td>Burdocks</td>
<td>Hendit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Burdock</td>
<td>Indigo</td>
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<tr>
<td>Burdock</td>
<td>Sunflower</td>
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<tr>
<td>Buttercup</td>
<td>Limbsquarre</td>
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<tr>
<td>Canada thistle</td>
<td>Marsh elder</td>
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<tr>
<td>Carpetweed</td>
<td>Mustards</td>
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<tr>
<td>Catsear</td>
<td>Pepperweed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chickweed</td>
<td>Pigweed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chickweed</td>
<td>Shortleaf</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cocklebur</td>
<td>Prickly lettuce</td>
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<td>Croton</td>
<td>Pennycons</td>
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<tr>
<td>Daisy</td>
<td>Ragweed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dandelion</td>
<td>Red Stem</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dock</td>
<td>Yellow rocket</td>
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WEED CONTROL IN SMALL GRAINS: NOTE: Do not forage or graze meat animals on treated areas within 7 days of slaughter. Do not forage or graze dairy animals on treated areas within 7 days after treatment.

SELECTIVE SPRAYING: Wheat, Oats, Barley and Rye—Apply as a water mix spray by ground sprayer or airplane. Use ½ to 1 pint per acre for the more susceptible weeds after crop has reached the 3 to 4 leaf stage up to boot stage. Use up to 3 pints per acre for the less susceptible weeds after crop has tillered and up to 1 pint per acre to boot stage. Do not spray from boot stage to dough stage. For small grains underseeded with legumes, see the following paragraph.

SMALL GRAIN: Underseeded with Alfalfa, Burtfoot, Trefoli, Lespedeza, Red and White Clover: For emergency control of serious infestations of mustards, yellow rocket and other susceptible broadleaf weeds, apply ⅔ to ½ pint and no more than 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make application after cereal is well tillered (4 to 8 inches tall) and before reaching boot stage. The nurse crop and weeds should provide a protecting canopy, which together with the use of low gallonage applied at low pressure, will reduce the risk of damage to the legumes. To control certain weed species, 1 pint per acre may be needed. Do not use where other small seeded legumes (vetch, sweet clover, trefoli, alfalfa) are seeded unless injury to them can be tolerated.

FLAX: Use ½ pint MCP AMINE 4. Apply by ground sprayer or by airplane. Use sufficient water to give uniform and adequate coverage. Apply only when weeds are up and when flax is 4 to 8 inches high and before it comes into bud. Treatment after early bud stage may result in severe damage. If Canada thistle is present it may be necessary to go as high as ¼ to ½ pint per acre to prevent seed head production. Some injury to the flax may result. Do not forage or graze meat animals on treated areas within 7 days of slaughter.

WEED CONTROL IN PEAS IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST: For use only in the Pacific Northwest. Use on peas to control susceptible weeds only where recommended by local agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station Specialists. Use ⅔ to ½ pint of MCP AMINE 4 in at least 15 gallons of water per acre when peas are 3 to 7 inches tall, before first flowering and weeds are small. Higher rates of ⅔ to 1 pint (4-6 ounces MCP) per acre may be used to improve control of difficult weeds but crop injury is more likely to occur. Do not apply if peas are taller than 7 inches or when they are stressed for lack of soil moisture. Do not apply when temperatures are over 90° F. NOTE: MCP can cause injury and delayed maturity in the pea crop.

GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED: Use 1 to 2 pints per acre in sufficient water to give adequate coverage. Use the higher rate where weed stands are heavy. In
MCP AMINE 4
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established grasses apply in spring before head comes into boot and on seedling grass after grass has tillered.

NOTE: In weed control in grasses, repeat treatment may be needed for less susceptible weeds. White clover and other legumes may be temporarily injured or killed. In some areas, bent, buffalo, carpet and St. Augustine grasses may also be injured by the treatment.

WEED CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA: For control of yellow rocket and other susceptible annual weeds such as pennycress or fanweed, use 1 pint per acre of MCP AMINE 4. Apply in late fall following frosts when the legumes are dormant. The temperature at the time of spraying should be above 40°F.

WEED CONTROL IN GRASS PASTURES & GRASSLAND: Use 2 to 4 pints per acre of MCP AMINE 4. Apply when weeds are small and actively growing for best results. Use the higher rates for whitetop, Canada thistle, buttercup and other more difficult to control weeds. Legumes may be injured or killed. Do not use this treatment when legumes, especially alfalfa, are present and desirable. Do not use on newly seeded areas until grass is well established. Do not use from early boot to milk stage when grass seed production is desired. Do not graze dairy animals on treated grass until 7 days after treatment. Do not graze meat animals in treated areas within 7 days of slaughter. Do not harvest grass for hay less than 21 days after application.

CONTROL OF WHITEBRUSH ON RANGELAND: Use 3 pints of MCP AMINE 4 with 1 gallon of diesel oil and enough water for good spray cover age, usually 6 to 10 gallons per acre by aircraft. Apply in spring or fall when plant foliage is well developed and actively growing. Spraying during bloom is recommended but not immediately after shedding of blossoms. Retreatments may be needed in succeeding years. NOTE: First mix this product in the water, then add the oil with agitation. Spray should be kept agitated during spraying to avoid separation in the tank.

LAWNS, GOLF COURSES AND SIMILAR TURF: For controlling whitetop, dandelions, and similar weeds apply 1 to 2 pints per acre with sufficient water to provide good coverage. Treatment may reduce stands of clover which may be present. Do not apply to newly seeded lawns until grass has become well established. MCP may injure bent or other creeping grasses. For best result treat thistles when in the early bud stage.

NON-CROP SPRAYING: CANADA THISTLE, WHITE TOP AND MEADOW BUTTERCUP (In Non-Crop Areas such as Roadsides, Fence Rows, Rights-of-Way and Similar Places): For spot treatment, use ¼ pint to 3 to 4 gallons of water, or ¾ gallon per acre in sufficient water to give coverage for more extensive areas. Spray to wet the foliage thoroughly when in bud to early bloom and again on fall regrowth. Spray European barberry during any season. Thoroughly wet the foliage, base of the canes and the ground line. Do not forage or graze livestock on treated areas within 7 days of treatment. Local conditions may affect use of this chemical. Consult State agricultural extension or Experiment Station weed specialists for specific recommendations for local weed problems and for information on possible lower dosages.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT. read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product’s label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. and the seller. The buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

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