Nufarm

Weedone® 638

Broadleaf Herbicide

THE ORIGINAL BRAND OF 638 HERBICIDE SINCE 1952.
A SPECIAL FORMULATION CONTAINING 2,4-D ACID.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
- 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid* ........................................ 13.8%
- 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, butoxyethyl ester* ..................... 24.5%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: ............................................................... 61.7%

TOTAL: ................................................................. 100.0%

*Total 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 30.8% by weight or 2.8 lbs./gal.
Isomer specific by AOAC method No. 978.05

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER - PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la expliquê a usted en detalle.

(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.
For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840.

MANUFACTURED BY
NUFARM, INC.
BURR RIDGE, IL 60527-0866

EPA REG. NO. 71368-3
EPA EST. NO. 228-IL-1
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
DANGER - PELIGRO
Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield). Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):
Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.
Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or viton, shoes plus socks and protective eye wear.
Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. After each day of use, clothing or PPE must not be reused until it has been cleaned.
When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE (personal protective equipment) may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

For containers over 1 gallon but less than 5 gallons, mixers and loaders who do not use a mechanical system (probe and pump) to transfer the contents of this container must wear coveralls or chemical-resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE.

For containers of 5 gallons or more, a mechanical transfer system (probe and pump) must be used for transferring the contents of the container. If the contents of non-refillable pesticide containers are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal. If the mechanical system is used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4)] the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS
Users Should:
• Remove clothing immediately if pesticides get inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor, preferably an ophthalmologist.

IF SWALLOWED
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip two or three glasses of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF INHALED
• Move victim to fresh air.
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

(continued)
This product is toxic to fish. Drift or runoff may adversely affect fish and non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants such as cotton, beans, peas, ornamentals, and most vegetables, as injury may occur. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. Under very high temperature, vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity.

MIXING AND LOADING:
Most cases of ground water contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of ground water supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent ground water contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil or water is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or viton, shoes plus socks and protective eye wear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.
GENERAL CAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS
Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
Do not use in or near a greenhouse.

GENERAL INFORMATION
This product is a special formulation containing 2,4-D acid. This formulation is more effective than 2,4-D amines for controlling hard-to-kill weeds such as field bindweed, Russian knapweed, Canada thistle, leafy spurge, cattails, tules and nutgrass.

This product should be applied when daytime temperatures are lower than 80 to 85 degrees. Spraying when temperatures are higher may cause rapid foliar burn and decrease the effectiveness of this herbicide. Treatment at higher temperatures also increases the possibility of crop injury.

INJURY TO CROPS FROM THIS HERBICIDE MAY OCCUR. IF YOU ARE NOT PREPARED TO ACCEPT SOME DEGREE OF CROP INJURY DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT.

Crop varieties vary in response to 2,4-D and some are easily injured. Apply this herbicide only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. If you are uncertain concerning tolerant varieties or local use situations that may affect crop tolerance to 2,4-D consult your seed company or state Agricultural Extension Service for advice.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS
Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add this product with agitation, and finally, the balance of the water with continued agitation. Provide continuous agitation to insure uniform spray mixtures. Use spray mixture as soon as possible after mixing.

COMPATIBILITY
If this product is to be tank mixed with fertilizers or with other pesticides, compatibility should be tested prior to mixing. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 quart) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually will appear within 5 to 15 minutes after mixing. Read and follow the label of each tank-mix product used for precautionary statements, directions for use, geographic and other restrictions.

COMBINATION WITH LIQUID NITROGEN FERTILIZER
Use the recommended amount of this product per acre for weeding and feeding corn, small grains, grasses for production or grass pastures as directed on this label. Use the fertilizer at rates recommended by supplier or Extension Service Specialist. Fill the spray tank about half full with the liquid fertilizer, then add this product with vigorous agitation, and complete filling the tank. Apply immediately and continue agitation in the spray tank during application. Do not allow mixture to stand overnight. NOTE: Fertilizers can increase foliage contact burn of herbicides. Reducing the fertilizer rate and concentration will reduce the hazard of leaf burn.

GENERAL WEED LIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL WEEDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual yellow sweetclover</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Beggarticks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bull thistle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coffeeweed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Common broomweed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common burdock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common cocklebur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common evening primrose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Knotweed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Mallow (venice or little)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marshelder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morningglory (common, ivy, woolly)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Musk thistle (**)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustards (except blue mustard)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pepperweeds (except perennial)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Salsify (western or common)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweeds (annual species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sowthistle (annual or spiny)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunflower</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velvetleaf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vetches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Wild carrot</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### PERENNIAL WEEDS

- **Alfalfa**
- **Austrian fieldcress**
- **Bindweed (hedge, field and European)**
- **Blue lettuce**
- **Canada thistle**
- **Catnip**
- **Chicory**
- **Dandelion**
- **Docks**
- **Dogbanes**
- **Goldenrod**
- **Ground ivy**
- **Healall**
- **Hoary cress**
- **Jerusalem-artichoke**
- **Many-flower aster**
- **Nettles (including stinging)**
- **Orange hawkweed**
- **Plantains**
- **Sowthistle (perennial)**
- **Tansy ragwort**
- **Texas blueweed**
- **Vervains**
- **Western ironweed**
- **Wild garlic**
- **Wild onion**

*These species may require repeat applications and/or use of the higher rate recommended on this product label even under ideal conditions for applications.

**Control of pigweeds in the High Plains area of Texas and Oklahoma may not be satisfactory with this product.

***Not registered for control of musk thistle in California.

### SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

**CEREAL GRAIN CROPS**

**BARLEY AND WHEAT (NOT UNDERSEEDED WITH LEGUMES)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS IN CROP</th>
<th>AMOUNT OF WEEDONE 638 PER ACRE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postemergence</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual and biennial weeds</td>
<td>1 pint</td>
<td>Apply after grain is fully tilled (usually about 4 to 8 inches high). Apply when weeds are near bud stage. <strong>Do not spray grain in boot to dough stage.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>2 pints*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild onion and garlic</td>
<td>1-1/2 to 2 pints</td>
<td>Apply 1-1/2 pints when grain is fully tilled and wild garlic or onion plants are small. <strong>Apply 2 pints after harvest in the crop stubble. For control of new fall growth of wild onion and garlic, refer to FALLOWLAND use directions.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency weed control in wheat</td>
<td>3 pints*</td>
<td>Apply when weeds are approaching bud stage, <strong>but do not spray grain during the boot to dough stage.</strong> The 3 pints per acre application can produce injury to wheat. Balance the severity of your weed problem against the possibility of crop damage. Where perennial weeds are scattered, spot treatment is suggested to minimize the extent of crop injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preharvest</td>
<td>1 to 2 pints*</td>
<td>Apply when grains are in the hard dough stage to suppress large weeds that may interfere with harvest. **Best results will be obtained when soil moisture is sufficient to induce succulent weed growth. **DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Use the lower rate if small annual and biennial weeds are the major problem. Use the higher rate if perennial weeds or annual and biennial weeds are present which are in the hard-to-kill categories as determined by local experience. The higher rates increase the risk of grain injury and should be used only where weed control problems justify the risk of grain damage. Do not apply to grain in the seedling stage.
RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON CEREAL GRAINS

• For aerial application on grain, apply this product in 2 or more gallons of water per acre.
• For ground application, a minimum of 10 to 15 gallons of water per acre is recommended for proper spray coverage.
• Do not mix with oil for crop uses.
• Do not permit dairy animals or meat animals being finished for slaughter to forage treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment.
• Do not feed treated straw to livestock if a preharvest treatment or emergency treatment as described above is applied.

CORN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS IN CROP</th>
<th>AMOUNT OF WEEDONE 638 PER ACRE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preplant</td>
<td>1-1/2 to 2-1/2 pints</td>
<td>To control emerged broadleaf weed seedlings or existing cover crops prior to planting corn, apply 7 to 14 days before planting. Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where soil moisture is inadequate for normal weed growth. Use high rate for control of less susceptible weeds or cover crops such as alfalfa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preemergence</td>
<td>2 to 3 pints</td>
<td>To control broadleaf weeds, apply 3 to 5 days after planting, but before corn emerges. Use high rate on soil high in organic matter. Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where soil moisture is inadequate for normal weed growth. <strong>DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postemergence</td>
<td>2/3 pint</td>
<td>Avoid spraying just after the first corn leaves unfold as injury may occur. Apply when weeds are small and corn is less than 8 inches tall to top of canopy. If corn is more than 8 inches tall, use drop pipes to keep spray off corn leaves. Spray when weeds are in the bud to bloom stage. If corn is more than 8 inches tall, use drop pipes to keep spray off corn leaves. <strong>Do not spray in tassel to dent stage.</strong> 2,4-D may make corn brittle. Winds or cultivation may cause stalk breakage while brittle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>1 pint</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preharvest</td>
<td>1-1/2 to 2-1/2 pints</td>
<td>After the dent stage to suppress weeds that interfere with harvest, such as bindweed, cocklebur, dogbane, jimsonweed, ragweed, sunflower and velvetleaf, and to decrease production of weed seeds, spray with air or ground equipment. The high rate will be needed for weeds under stress. <strong>DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

POPCORN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS IN CROP</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preharvest</td>
<td>1-1/2 to 2-1/2 pints</td>
<td>After the dent stage to suppress weeds that interfere with harvest, such as bindweed, cocklebur, dogbane, jimsonweed, ragweed, sunflower and velvetleaf, and to decrease production of weed seeds, spray with air or ground equipment. The high rate will be needed for weeds under stress. <strong>DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON FIELD CORN AND POPCORN

• Do not forage or feed corn fodder for 7 days following application.

• A minimum application volume of 5 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground is recommended.

GRAIN SORGHUM (milo)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS IN CROP</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>1 pint</td>
<td>Treat when sorghum is 6 to 15 inches tall. If sorghum is taller than 6 inches (to top of canopy), use drop nozzles to keep spray off crop foliage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>1-1/2 pints</td>
<td>Do not treat during the boot, flowering, or early dough stages.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON SORGHUM

• Do not forage or feed sorghum fodder for 7 days following application.

• A minimum application volume of 5 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground is recommended.

SOYBEANS (PREPLANT ONLY)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS IN CROP</th>
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<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postemergence</td>
<td>1 to 1-1/3 pints</td>
<td>Apply not less than 7 days prior to planting soybeans, when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate on larger weeds and when perennials are present. Some weeds may require repeat treatments for adequate control (see GENERAL WEED LIST and below).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 1-1/3 to 2-2/3 pints</td>
<td>Apply not less than 30 days prior to planting soybeans, when weeds are actively growing. Some weeds may require repeat treatments for adequate control (see GENERAL WEED LIST and below).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to those weeds found on the GENERAL WEED LIST, this product will suppress or control the following broadleaf weeds frequently encountered in reduced tillage soybean production systems: bullnettle, smallflowered bittercress, Carolina geranium, smallflowered buttercup, common and rough cinquefoil, red clover*, horseweed or marestail, mousetail, wild mustard, field pennycress, cutleaf evening primrose, common purslane, speedwell and Virginia copperleaf.

*These weeds are only partially controlled.

Apply no more than 2-2/3 pints of this product in one season prior to planting soybeans. After applying, plant soybean seed as deep as practical or at least 1-1/2 to 2 inches deep. Adjust the planter press wheel, if necessary, to ensure that planted seed is completely covered. If desired, this product may be applied pre-plant to soybeans in tank mixtures with other herbicides such as Poast®, Poast Plus®, Roundup®, Roundup D-Pak®, Moncho®, Gramoxone Extra®, Prowl®, Pursuit Plus®, Scepter®, Scepter 70 DG®, Squadron® and others that are registered for pre-plant soybean use.
SOYBEANS (PREPLANT ONLY)* (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS IN CROP</th>
<th>AMOUNT OF WEEDONE 638 PER ACRE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postemergence</td>
<td>NOTE: Unacceptable injury to soybeans planted in fields previously treated with this product may occur, whether or not soybean injury occurs, and the extent of injury will depend on weather and agronomic factors such as the amount of weed vegetation and previous crop residue present that may be in effect between the time of this product application and the emergence of the soybean plant.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS (PREPLANT)
- Do not apply this product prior to planting soybeans if you are not prepared to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield.
- Do not apply this product when weather conditions such as temperature, air inversions, or wind favor drift from treated areas to susceptible plants.
- Apply no more than 2-2/3 pints of this product per acre in one season prior to planting soybeans.
- Do not mow or cultivate weeds prior to treating with this product as poor control may result.
- Do not feed treated hay, forage, or fodder or graze treated soybeans to livestock.
- Only one application of this product may be made prior to planting soybeans per growing season.
- Do not feed or graze treated cover crops to livestock.
- Do not replant fields treated with this product in the same growing season with crops other than those labeled for 2,4-D preplant use.
* Not currently registered for use in California.

CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM AREAS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS</th>
<th>AMOUNT OF WEEDONE 638 PER ACRE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual broadleaf weeds in young grasses</td>
<td>2/3 to 1-1/3 pints</td>
<td>Apply to actively growing annual broadleaf weeds. Use 2/3 to 1-1/3 pints when weeds are small; use higher rates on older weeds. Do not apply to young grasses with fewer than 6 leaves or prior to tillering, as excessive injury may result. Do not apply more than 1-1/3 pints until grasses are well established as excessive injury may result.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2/3 to 2-2/3 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds in established grasses</td>
<td>2-2/3 to 5 pints</td>
<td>Treat when biennial weeds are in the seedling to rosette stage and before flower stalks become apparent. Treat perennial weeds in the bud to bloom stage. Apply to actively growing weeds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5-1/3 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM AREAS
- Use at least 2 gallons of water per acre by air and 5 gallons of water per acre by ground.
- Do not harvest or graze treated Conservation Reserve Program areas.
- Do not apply to grasses in the boot to dough stage if grass seed production is desired.
### FALLOWLAND AND CROP STUBBLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>1-1/3 to 2-2/3 pints</td>
<td>Use the lower rate when weeds are small (2 to 3 inches tall) and growing actively. Use the higher rate on older and drought-stressed plants, except as directed in the SPECIAL WEED PROBLEMS section of this label.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>2-2/3 to 5-1/3 pints</td>
<td>Spray while musk thistles or other biennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage, and before flower stalks become apparent. The lower rate can be used in spring during rosette stage. In fall or after flower stalks have developed, use the highest rate, except as directed in the SPECIAL WEED PROBLEMS section of this label.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>1-1/2 to 4 quarts</td>
<td>Spray weeds in bud to bloom stage, or in good vegetative growth. Do not disturb treated area for at least 2 weeks after treatment, or until weed tops are dead, except as directed in the SPECIAL WEED PROBLEM section of this label.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild garlic and onion in crop stubble</td>
<td>2-2/3 to 4 quarts</td>
<td>Apply to new regrowth of wild onion or garlic which occurs in the fall following harvest of small grains, soybeans, corn or grain sorghum.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Restrictions and Limitations for Use on Fallowland and Crop Stubble**
- A minimum spray volume of 5 gallons per acre by air or 10 to 15 gallons per acre by ground is recommended.
- Do not plant treated fallow land until 3 months after treatment or until chemical has disappeared from soil.
- Do not graze dairy animals on treated areas within 7 days of treatment.

### GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED PRODUCTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS IN CROP</th>
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<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>1 to 1-1/2 pints</td>
<td>Apply to established stands in the spring before the seed head comes into the boot stage. <strong>Do not spray in boot stage of growth.</strong> In seedling grasses, apply in the spring after the grass has tillered or has at least 5 leaves but before the boot stage. Use only the low rate on seedling grasses. <strong>DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>2 to 3 pints</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Pastures, Rangeland, Fallowland and Conservation Reserve Program Areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS</th>
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<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>2-1/2 pints</td>
<td>Apply in spring or fall when annual weeds such as knotweed or common chickweed are up but still small and in or near the seedling stage, and growing vigorously. Also controls cocklebur, galinsoga, lambquartets, mustards, pigweed, ragweed and sunflower.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>3 to 5 pints</td>
<td>To control dandelion, plantain and most other common broadleaf weeds in turf, apply in spring or fall when these weeds are growing actively. Treat wild garlic or onion in three successive seasons (Example: spring, fall, spring).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON RANGELAND AND PASTURES
• A minimum application volume of 2 gallons by air or 5 to 10 gallons by ground is recommended for pastures.
• Do not graze animals on treated areas within 7 days of treatment.
• Do not cut forage for hay within 30 days of treatment.
• Do not permit dairy animals or meat animals being finished for slaughter to forage treated fields within 3 days of slaughter.

NON-CROP AREAS
FENCEROWS, ROADSIDES, DRAINAGE DITCHBANKS, VACANT LOTS, AIRFIELDS, RAILROAD AND HIGHWAY AND UTILITY RIGHTS-OF-WAY AND OTHER NON-CROP AREAS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS</th>
<th>AMOUNT OF WEEDONE 638 PER ACRE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>1-1/3 to 2-2/3 quarts</td>
<td>Apply when most weeds are still young and growing vigorously, except as directed in the SPECIAL WEED PROBLEM section of this label.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biennial and perennial</td>
<td>2 to 4 quarts</td>
<td>Apply when weeds are actively growing and near the bud stage, but before flowering. For best results on tansy ragwort and musk thistle, treat in rosette stage, before bolting. A second application is usually needed for best results on thistle, nettle and bindweed. Treat wild onion or garlic in early spring and in fall when they are young and growing actively, except as directed in the SPECIAL WEED PROBLEM section of this label.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SMALL AREA APPLICATIONS FOR NON-CROP USE
For control of broadleaf weeds in small non-crop areas with hand-held or back-pack sprayers, mix 5 fluid ounces of this product per gallon of water. Thoroughly wet all weed foliage. Maintain agitation of mixture.

ORNAMENTAL TURF
GOLF COURSES, CEMETERIES, PARKS AND OTHER TURF AREAS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS</th>
<th>AMOUNT OF WEEDONE 638 PER ACRE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>2-1/2 pints</td>
<td>Apply in spring or fall when annual weeds such as knotweed or common chickweed are up but still small and in or near the seedling stage, and growing vigorously. Also controls cocklebur, galinsoga, lambsquarters, mustards, pigweed, ragweed and sunflower.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biennial and Perennial broadleaf weeds</td>
<td>3 to 5 pints</td>
<td>To control dandelion, plantain and most other common broadleaf weeds in turf, apply in spring or fall when these weeds are growing actively. Treat wild garlic or onion in three successive seasons (Example: spring, fall, spring).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON ORNAMENTAL TURF AREAS
• A minimum application volume of 25 gallons per acre is recommended for use on turf.
• Do not apply to newly seeded areas until sod is formed and grass has been cut a few times. Do not use this product for susceptible southern grasses such as St. Augustinegrass. Bentgrass and clover may be injured by this treatment.
• Do not apply more than 2 broadcast applications per year per treatment site. This does not exclude spot treatment.
• Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application.
• Do not enter treatment areas until sprays have dried.
SPECIAL WEED PROBLEMS
DIRECTIONS FOR SPECIAL WEED PROBLEMS IN PASTURES, FALLOWLAND, NON-CROP AND CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM AND CONSERVATION RESERVE ACREAGE
To control the following special weed problems in fallowland, non-crop areas or pastures, apply the rates indicated at the recommended application time in sufficient spray volume by air or ground to obtain thorough and uniform coverage. Thorough and uniform coverage may require high volume ground spraying at 50 gallons per acre or more or aerial spraying at 10 gallons per acre or more when weed growth is dense. Adequate soil moisture for weed growth is essential for good control.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEDS</th>
<th>AMOUNT OF WEEDONE 638 PER ACRE</th>
<th>DIRECTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Camelthorn, lotus</td>
<td>2 quarts</td>
<td>Bud to early bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada thistle</td>
<td>2 quarts</td>
<td>Bud to full bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1-1/2 to 2-1/2 quarts</td>
<td>In spring or summer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cattails</td>
<td>3 quarts</td>
<td>Late spring to early summer when 4 to 6 feet tall; repeat in fall and following spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field bindweed</td>
<td>1-1/2 to 2 quarts</td>
<td>Rosette stage to early bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoary cress</td>
<td>2 quarts</td>
<td>Rosette stage to early bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafy spurge</td>
<td>2 quarts</td>
<td>Full bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Musk thistle</td>
<td>1-1/2 to 2 quarts</td>
<td>Rosette stage spring or fall; use higher rate in fall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutgrass</td>
<td>3 quarts</td>
<td>6 to 8 inches high, before bloom; repeat when regrowth is 6 to 8 inches high.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russian knapweed</td>
<td>2 quarts</td>
<td>Full bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tansy ragwort</td>
<td>3 quarts</td>
<td>Rosette stage to early bloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tule (hard-stem bulrush)</td>
<td>3 quarts</td>
<td>Late spring to early summer when 4 to 6 feet tall; repeat in fall and following spring</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Refer to the restrictions and limitations for use on these sites.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.
PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a dry secured storage area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate ground water. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse or equivalent. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts’ evaluation of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants, and of residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties or in all states or under all conditions. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE, ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

BUYER’S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER’S OR SELLER’S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER’S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

NOTICE TO BUYER

Purchase of this material does not confer any rights under patents governing this product or the use thereof in countries outside of the United States.

Weedone is a registered trademark of Nufarm Inc.

Poast, Poast Plus, Prowl, Pursuit Plus, Scepter and Squadron are registered trademarks of BASF Corp.
Honcho, Roundup, and Roundup D-Pak are registered trademarks of Monsanto Company
Gramoxone is a registered trademark of a Syngenta Group Company

Extended Text® INSEAL™ U.S. Pat. No. 4488922.
Nufarm Weedone® 638 Broadleaf Herbicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid* .......................................................... 13.8%
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, butoxyethyl ester* ................................... 24.5%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: ........................................................................... 61.7%

TOTAL: .................................................................................................. 100.0%

*2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 41.5% or 3.8 pounds per gallon. Isomer specific by AOAC method No. 978.05

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER - PELIGRO

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

SEE ATTACHED BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.
For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
DANGER
Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield). Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
• Call a poison control center or doctor, preferably an ophthalmologist.

IF SWALLOWED
• Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip two or three glasses of water if able to swallow.
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF INHALED
• Move victim to fresh air.
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
No specific antidote is available. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

This product contains petroleum distillates. If large amounts, greater than 1 mg/kg body weight have been ingested, the stomach should be evacuated by gastric intubation with the aid of a cuffed endotracheal tube to prevent aspiration of petroleum distillates. After removal of stomach contents, wash stomach by instilling 30 to 50 grams of activated charcoal in 3 to 4 ounces of water through the stomach tube and again remove stomach contents. Avoid oily laxatives.

For Additional Precautionary Statements; See Attached Booklet On:
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
User Safety Recommendations
Environmental Hazards

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
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PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinseate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate ground water. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse or equivalent. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

MANUFACTURED BY
NUFARM, INC. EPA REG. NO. 71368-3
BURL RIDGE, IL 60527 EPA EST NO. 228-IL-1

See Attached Booklet On:
For Additional Precautionary Statements;
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
User Safety Recommendations
Environmental Hazards

PULL HERE TO OPEN
PRESS TO RESEAL